Specifications NBX-7020

General Function	Separation of strain and temperature measured in single fiber, PPP-BOTDA / BOTDR / TW-COTDR / COTDR								
Function	PPP-BOTDA					TW-COTDR			
Laser Wavelength	1550 ±2 nm					1530 nm ~ 1560 nm			
Distance Range	50m, 100m, 250m, 500m, 1km, 2.5km, 5km, 10km, 25 km								
Measurement Frequency Range	9~13 GHz					192300~196000 GHz			
Range of Strain Measurements	-30,000 to +40,000 με (-3% to +4%)					-15,000 to +20,000 με (-1.5% to +2%)			
Measurement Frequency Scan Step		1, 2, 5,	10, 20,	50 MHz	100, 200, 250, 500 MHz				
Readout Resolution	5 cm (default), 1 cm (minimum)								
Sampling Points	600,000 (default), 3,000,000 (maximum)								
Hardware Average Count Settings	2 ⁵ ~ 2 ¹⁶ times								
Average Count Settings	2 ⁵ ~ 2 ²³ times								
Pulse Width	0.2s	0.5 ns	1 ns	2 ns	5 ns	0.2 ns	0.5 ns	1 ns	2 ns
Spatial Resolution	2 cm	5 cm	10 cm	20 cm	50 cm	2 cm	5 cm	10 cm	20 cm
Dynamic Range ⁽¹⁾	0.5 dB	1 dB	1.5 dB	3 dB	3 dB	0.5 dB	1 dB	3 dB	6 dB
Max. Measurement Distance ⁽²⁾	0.5 km	1 km	2 km	5 km	10 km	0.5 km	1 km	10 km	20 km
Optical Budget ⁽¹⁾⁽⁸⁾	1 dB	2 dB	5 dB	7 dB	8 dB	1 dB	2 dB	5 dB	7 dB
Measurement Accuracy $(\sigma)^{\scriptscriptstyle (3)(4)}$	15 με / 0.75 °C 7.5 με / 0.35 °C 0.5 με / 0.05 °C								
Repeatability $(\sigma)^{(3)(4)(5)}$	10 με / 0.5 °C 5 με / 0.25 °C					0.2 με / 0.01 °C			
Measurement time (6)(7)	5 seconds (minimum) 60 seconds (minimum)								um)
Measurement Accuracy for Hybrid mode ⁽⁹⁾	10 με / 0.5 °C								
Measurement Repeatability for Hybrid mode ⁽⁹⁾	5 με / 0.25 °C								
Input-output Fiber	Single mode optical fiber								
Fiber connector	FC-APC / SC-APC (factory option)								
Suitable Fiber	Single mode optical fiber								
Power Supply	AC100~240V 50/60Hz 250VA								
Laser Class	Class 1 (IEC60825-1: 2001)								
Dimensions / Weight	approx. 456 (W) × 485 (D) × 286 (H) mm / 30 kg								
Operating Temperature	10~40 °C, Humidity below 85% (no dew condensation)								
Storage Temperature	0~50 °C								
Place of Production	Japan								

Based on 2¹⁵ average cycles (TW-COTDR) / Based on 2¹⁵ average cycles by progressive measurement mode (PPP-BOTDA).
Based on average fiber loss of 0.3 dB/km using single mode fiber (UV-coated).
Based on the measurement of strain free, UV coated fiber.
Based on the measurement of strain free, UV coated fiber and in constant temperature environment.
The maximum standard deviation of measurement value in 5 consecutive measurements for 100 consecutive points.
The settings of 50 m range, 2¹⁴ count settings, 41 scan steps excluding the time for Pulse Adjustment.
The settings of 50 m range, 2¹⁴ count settings, 401 scan steps excluding the time for Pulse Adjustment.
The measurement mode of PPP-BOTDA and TW-COTDR used with conditions of (1) - (8) applied.
- (5) are all based on a frequency scan step of 50 MHz for TW-COTDR and with Pulse Adjustment and Auto Frequency Adjustment on.

Failed analysis points: Due to nature of Rayleigh scattering, the correlation of optical spectrums between two measurements may be lost at some locations. As a consequence, at those points, data analysis fails. This reflects the current limitations of the technology. Neubrex offers tools for recovering failed points data, however, their correctness cannot be ensured.

High speed measurements: The high speed capabilities are available for Brillouin type measurements only.

*Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Contact Address

Neubrex Co., Ltd. Sakae-machi-dori 1-1-24, Chuo-ku, Kobe, Hyogo 650-0023, Japan

Tel: +81-78-335-3510 Fax: +81-78-335-3515

When every point of the optical fiber is a sensor Give you a feel®

Neural Optical Fiber Scope_ **NEUBRESCOPE** NBX-7020



(20130710)







features Key

- · First ever, hybrid technology combining Brillouin and Rayleigh backscatterings in single system
- · Measurement of strain and temperature at each point in any single mode optical fiber
- Identification and separation of strain and temperature changes

Principles of PPP-BOTDA and TW-COTDR



The NBX-7000 hybrid sensing system combines advantages of both Brillouin and Rayleigh backscattering phenomena. The Brillouin sub-system employs the breakthrough technology of Pulse Pre-Pump Brillouin Optical Time Domain Analysis (PPP-BOTDA) while the Tunable Wavelength Coherent Optical Time Domain Reflectometry (TW-COTDR) is used in Rayleigh sub-system. For standard, single-mode fiber the hybrid system provides frequency shifts for Brillouin and Rayleigh scatterings. As both shifts are function of strain and temperature, their separation is required. It removes the influence of temperature on strain, and vice versa, and allows one to obtain pure strain and temperature values.

Strain and temperature separation equations

where

 $\Delta \varepsilon = D_{11} \, \Delta v_B + D_{12} \, \Delta v_R$

- $\Delta \varepsilon$: strain change ΔT : temperature change
- Δv_{B} : frequency shifts for Brillouin scattering
- $\Delta T = D_{21} \Delta V_B + D_{22} \Delta V_R$
 - Δv_R : frequency shifts for Rayleigh scattering
 - D_{11}/D_{12} : strain-frequency coefficients for Brillouin and Rayleigh scattering temperature-frequency coefficients for Brillouin and Rayleigh scattering D_{21}/D_{22}

NeubreScope NBX-7000 is equipped with specialized software, for performing measurements (NeubreScope GUI) and advanced data analysis (Neubrex Advanced Data Analysis Studio). Main features include:

- Position and lengths adjustments of the fiber for valid comparison and trend analyses
- Filtering, offset removal, and regions mapping functionality
- capabilities of the software

Application example 26°0 Temperature change (non-separated) Brillouin ----Rayleigh Temperature [°C] 50 0 -50 0 5 10 15 20 25 30

Using Brillouin or Rayleigh scattering only, it is impossible to determine whether measured frequency shift is due to change in strain and/or temperature (upper figures). The NBX-7000 provides clear and definite answer by separating their influence on frequency shift (lower figures).

Distance [m]







· Open Architecture (OA), allows user to customize, automate, and extend the standard



